UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/648,609	08/26/2003	Irene Dris	120801-1	4235
23413 CANTOR COL	7590 09/08/200 BURN, LLP	EXAMINER		
20 Church Stree		ANGEBRANNDT, MARTIN J		
22nd Floor Hartford, CT 06	5103	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1795	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			09/08/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/648,609	DRIS ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	

	Martin J. Angebranndt	1795	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED <u>27 August 2008</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS AF	PPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR	ALLOWANCE.	
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following rapplication in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appe for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods:	replies: (1) an amendment, affidaviral (with appeal fee) in compliance	t, or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request
 a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Acono event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire land 	dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth		
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (I MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f).		
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date of have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extremely an extra transfer of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	ension and the corresponding amount of the hortened statutory period for reply origi	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Offic	ate extension fee e action; or (2) as
2. ☐ The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compl	iance with 37 CFR 41 37 must be t	filed within two months	s of the date of
filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed wi AMENDMENTS	sion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	
	out prior to the data of filing a brief	will not be entered be	001100
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, be (a) They raise new issues that would require further core	sideration and/or search (see NO		cause
(b) ☐ They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below (c) ☐ They are not deemed to place the application in bett	**	ducing or simplifying t	ne issues for
appeal; and/or (d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a c	orresponding number of finally reje	ected claims.	
NOTE: See Continuation Sheet. (See 37 CFR 1.17	16 and 41.33(a)).		
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12		mpliant Amendment (PTOL-324).
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):	-		
6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).	·	•	_
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is proved the status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: <u>none</u> . Claim(s) objected to: <u>none</u> . Claim(s) rejected: 1-6,9,11-14,16-18,20-33,35-38,40-42 and the proposed amendment(s): and the proposed amendmen	ided below or appended.	l be entered and an e	xplanation of
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:			
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE	before or on the data of filing a Nic	tion of Annual will not	be entered
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 			
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to or showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea	ıl and/or appellant fail	s to provide a
 The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER 	n of the status of the claims after er	ntry is below or attach	ed.
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but See Continuation Sheet.	does NOT place the application in	condition for allowan	ce because:
12. ☐ Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i>(s). (13. ☐ Other:	PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)		
	/Martin J Angebranndt/ Primary Examiner, Art U	nit 1795	

Continuation of 3. NOTE: in claim 33, the limitation regarding the thickness of the optical layer and the the substrate thickness were not previously conisdered with respect to this claims. The language describing the poly(arylene ether) as being attaic polystryene is new matter. attaic polystyrene is a poly(alkenyl aromatic) (see prepub at [0037], but is not an poly(aromatic ether) as it has no oxygen this would be NEW MATTER as it was not previously described in the specification. Further none of the claims under prosecution recited attaic polystyrene.

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: The reproduction ability is primarily based upon the material and the use of polyarylene/polystyrene is forming optical recording media (ORM) substrates with "dimensional stability" is known as evidenced by Niwano et al.. Further, there is clearly a benefit with regard to the reproduction/molding accuracy from the use of melt filtering with respect to forming ORM substrates as small particles would be able to pack closer and conform better to a surface. The applicant argues the tilt, (which is only an issue for claims 28,33 and 40, where it is recited) which is related to the dimensional stability and the balance of forces on either side of layers which are not moisture permeable. claims 28,33 and 40 fail to recite the requisite a data or reflective layer. The applicant argues that the references are diverse teachings. This is not the case as all the references relate to optical reocirding media and particularly optical reocirding media substrates. The appplicant's representative refers to "significant research", but there are only four comparative examples, with comparative examples 1 and 4 not relating to the primary reference, but using other materials (Bisphenol A and another polycarbonate) and comparative examples 2 and 3 discuss the effects of filtering of particulates, which clearly is going to have an effect on the ability of the resin to reproduce the mold surface. If the applicant wishes to rely upon the molding conditions (claim 1,33,38,44) and argue the replication, then data showing the effect of changing these conditions should be on the record. The applicant's arguments treat the referenes peicemeal and fail to appreciate the clear advantages in storage capacity derived from having more tracks with narrower pitches. More data is a clear advantage to one of ordinary skill in the optical data strorage art. The appplicant's reading of Niwano on pages 13-14 of the response fails to appreciate that the reference is not discussing impurities, but the size of the solid polymers in the melt, which is preferably on the molecular order which contrary to the applicant's position teaches any particulate polymer materials as being 1 micron or less in size, which is below the recited limits of the claims of 15 microns as an upper range. Clearly melt filteration is congruent with the teaching. The cloesest art is Niwaono, not the other references. As discussed above, the applicant might have unobvious advantages from the processing, but this is not clear from the comparative examples and Hashizume teaches the desirability of replication at 90% or better for optical reocirding media substrates. The "optical layer" is the protective layer of Ohgo '671, which shows similar layers to Niwano et al. and the irradiation of the medium through this layer and the other dielectric layers. This layer clearly provides protection to the underlying layers. The applicant's arguments with regard to tilt fail to appreciate that organic materials will swell and the use of a thinner layer (0.1 mm), rather than a (0.6-1.2 mm) reduces the amount of force resulting from this expansion. The applicats' argument with respct to KSR are flawed at best, failing to appreciate the common sense results of filtering and the establishment by the examiner of the molding conditions recited as known in the art and the desirability of high accuracy in reproduction i the art. The applicant's argument suggests that the rigid TSM must be applied. This position was in fact rejected by the Supreme Court. The arguments with respect to Satio et al (page 19) and combined with Ueda, Ito and Ogawa (page 20) are again peicemeal and fail to account for the fact that the rejection is based upon a plurality of references. Of the independent claims, none recite a moisture impermeable layer which is neccesary for tilt and only claim 33 recites tilt, so the argumed position is not commensurate with the scope of coverage sought. The applicant's characterization is Feist is remarkably vague and failt o apprectae that melt filteration is taugth, which leads one to the teachings of Daecher et al.. Again the applicant fails to recognize the protective layer of the prior art is the "optical layer" of the claims. The Feist reference has more of the features, so to argue that it is further from the instant claims is ridiculous on its face. Perhaps this is dyue to the assignment to the same assignee as the instant application. The response to the ODP rejections are merely bald statements